When a parameter of the steroid profile indicates a need to further study, its 13 C/ 12 C value expressed in delta units per mil (δ %) or that of its metabolites will be measured and compared to that of urinary reference steroids within the sample not affected by administration. Depending upon the nature of the endogenous steroid suspected to have been administered, the metabolites analysed could be ... androsterone, etiocholanolone, the androstanediols ... while the urinary reference steroid usually analysed by the <u>Laboratories</u> is one of, pregnanediol ... or 11-ketoetiocholanolone."

Here, the French Lab (LNDD) that analyzed the Landis "A" and "B" samples tested for and calculated the δ ‰ values for the following testosterone metabolites that are affected by exogenous testosterone administration: androsterone, etiocholanolone, and the androstanediols (5α -Androstanediol³ and 5β -Androstanediol⁴). LNDD also tested for and calculated the δ ‰ values for the following testosterone metabolites that are not affected by exogenous testosterone administration: pregnanediol (specifically, 5β -pregnanediol⁵) and 11-ketoetiocholanolone⁶. Without conceding the accuracy of the data, LNDD calculated the following values, expressed as corrected and uncorrected values:

For the "A" sample [see Document package, p. USADA 0185]:

	True Value	Corrected Value
Androsterone	-27.71	-25.05
Etiocholanolone	-26.43	-23.63
5αAdiol	-32.12	-27.72
5βAdiol	-28.82	-23.73

 $^{^{3}}$ Also referred to as 5α Adiol.

⁴ Also referred to as 5βAdiol.

⁵ Also referred to as 5βPdiol.

⁶ Also referred to as 11-Ketoetio.